

WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2026 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

House Bill 4620

**FISCAL
NOTE**

By Delegates Burkhammer, Mazzocchi, Chiarelli,
Flanigan, Heckert, Kimble, Miller, Pinson, and Pritt

[Introduced January 20, 2026; referred to the
Committee on Finance]

1 A BILL to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding a new article,
2 designated §49-13-101, §49-13-102, §49-13-103, and §49-13-104, relating to clothing and
3 necessity allowance; setting forth the purpose of the article, defining terms; setting forth
4 the requirements to obtain funding from the Department of Social Services for approved
5 necessities, an adequate wardrobe and any supplementary clothing assistance; and
6 setting forth the amount and form of payment.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

**ARTICLE 13. REQUIREMENTS FOR CLOTHING ALLOWANCE AND APPROVED
NECESSITIES.**

§49-13-101. Purpose.

1 The purpose of this article is to establish requirements for an adequate wardrobe and
2 approved necessities for children removed from their home and in the legal custody of the
3 department and to set forth payment methods.

§49-13-102. Definitions.

1 For purposes of this article:

2 "Approved necessities" means items, other than clothes, necessary to care for the child.
3 "Adequate wardrobe" means clothes that are in good condition, appropriate for all
4 seasons, and fit the child for the entirety of their time in foster care.

5 "Initial clothing allowance" means funding, from the Bureau of Social Services to the
6 placement provider to cover expenses for an adequate wardrobe and to supply a child with
7 approved necessities at the time of initial placement, if needed.

8 "Inventory" means a listing of the child's wardrobe and necessities when the child enters
9 the placement and is required to be updated periodically throughout the placement period. This
10 inventory shall follow the child throughout all placements.

11 "Department" means the Department of Human Services.

12 "Placement provider" means a foster parent, kinship/relative provider, or residential care
13 provider.

14 "Supplementary clothing assistance" means a clothing allowance and approved necessity
15 to meet extraordinary needs to the child such as necessity by illness or irreparable damage to
16 clothing and necessities.

§49-13-103. Requirements.

1 (a) At the time of initial placement, a child shall be assessed, including but not limited to a
2 review of the child's current clothing, necessities, and inventory, by the placement provider in
3 conjunction with the child welfare worker to determine if:

4 (1) The child possesses an adequate wardrobe and approved necessities; or
5 (2) The child needs to be issued an initial clothing allowance to obtain an adequate
6 wardrobe and approved necessities.

7 (b) If the child possesses an adequate wardrobe and approved necessities at the time of
8 initial placement, no further action is needed at that time.

9 (c) If the child does not have an adequate wardrobe and approved necessities at the time
10 of the initial placement, then the placement provider shall seek a clothing allowance to purchase
11 an adequate wardrobe for the child.

12 (d) If the child does not have approved necessities at the time of the initial placement, then
13 the placement provider shall seek a clothing allowance to purchase approved necessities for the
14 child.

15 (e) The initial clothing allowance is not intended to completely outfit the child but only to
16 supply the child with immediate clothing and necessities.

17 (f) The placement provider shall supply the child with clothing and necessities for as long
18 as the child remains in their care and to periodically update the clothing and necessity inventory.

§49-13-104. Amount and form of payment.

1 (a) The child's initial clothing allowance shall be issued for a minimum of \$375.

2 (b) The child's supplemental clothing allowance may be issued for an amount up to, and
3 not to exceed, \$175 per each supplement allowance.

4 (c) The initial clothing allowance and any supplementary clothing allowance shall be paid
5 through three separate avenues:

6 (1) The first and primary option for payment of the clothing allowance is a reloadable
7 instant card;

8 (2) The second option for payment of the clothing allowance is for the child welfare worker
9 or case aid to use their purchasing card;

10 (3) The third option is to provide reimbursement to a placement provider who purchases
11 clothing allowance items using their own funds. This item is to be used as a last resort.

12 (d) With respect to the instant card:

13 (1) The instant card shall be issued to the placement provider or re-loaded with funding
14 within 48 hours of the child being placed with the placement provider.

15 (2) The instant card may be used online or in any store that accepts an electronic payment
16 transaction.

17 (3) The department shall create and adopt a policy for the use of the instant card which
18 shall be provided to the placement provider upon issuance of the card, which shall include but not
19 be limited to an explanation of proper purchases that may be made with the instant card, an
20 explanation of how and when the card can be re-loaded, and the need to keep receipts for
21 reconciliation of purchases.

22 (e) With respect to the purchasing card:

23 (1) If it is decided that the child welfare worker or case aid will purchase the items with their
24 purchasing card, then the child welfare worker or case aid shall save the receipts; and

25 (2) The child welfare worker and case aid shall follow the reconciliation process as they
26 normally would under the purchasing card program.

27 (f) With respect to demand payment or reimbursement to the placement provider (this

28 method is not recommended and should only be used as a last resort);

29 (1) If it is decided that the kinship/relative placement provider is going to purchase the

30 child's clothing or approved necessities using their own funds with the expectation of

31 reimbursement from the department, then a receipt from the kinship/relative provider shall be

32 supplied to the child welfare worker in order to obtain reimbursement; or

33 (2) If a foster care provider chooses to purchase clothing or approved necessities, then all

34 receipts for clothing items or approved necessities from the foster care provider shall be provided

35 to their child placing agency in order for the child placing agency to invoice the department for

36 reimbursement.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to set forth requirements for foster child clothing allowances.

This bill was recommended for introduction by the Joint Committee on Children and Families,

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.